



This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

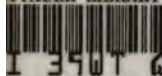
Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + *Refrain from automated querying* Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at <http://books.google.com/>



87C 2478.5

Thirteenth Annual Report
OF THE
Department of Charities and
Corrections

1917

STATE OF NEW JERSEY



DEPOSITED BY HARVARD COLLEGE LIBRARY

RAHWAY N. J.
NEW JERSEY ENGRAVING CO.
1918

Thirteenth Annual Report

OF THE

Department of Charities and
Corrections

1917

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

RAHWAY N. J.
NEW JERSEY REFORMATORY PRINT
1918



The President



DEPOSITED BY HARVARD COLLEGE LIBRARY

REPORT.

TRENTON, October 31, 1917.

Hon. Walter E. Edge, Governor of New Jersey:

SIR:—In compliance with the requirements of the law under which this Department exercises its functions, I have the honor to place before you a brief report of the more important developments of the past year.

You will recall that under Joint Resolutions 1 and 4 which you approved January 23, 1917, and March 23, 1917, respectively, two separate Commissions were created, namely: "A Commission to investigate into the conditions of the penal, reformatory and correctional institutions of this State," and "A Commission to investigate into the conditions of the institutions of this State which come within the scope, or under the supervision of the Department of Charities and Corrections other than penal, reformatory and correctional."

Undoubtedly a thorough investigation has been made of the conditions of these State Institutions by the very competent Commissions then appointed by you, and it seems under these circumstances, it would be illy timed for this Department to go too deeply into the ground given over for their action. I will therefore first confine myself to matters pending, prior to the creation of these commissions, and touched upon in my reports of 1915 and 1916.

Unhappily a very deplorable condition has not been met, and there still exists in the New Jersey State Hospital for the Insane at Morris Plains, the wretched overcrowding of 2,800 unfortunates where only 1,800 should, with comfort, be housed. This makes possible a most serious loss of life should the structure there be stricken with dreaded fire. Too much time has been allowed to lapse by those in authority, without giving this most dangerous situation the relief it should have had,—if only temporarily.

In both my previous reports I dwelt as earnestly as my

limited ability permitted, upon the pitiable condition of the 75 "custodial"* cases of feeble-minded in the State, then—as now—without any place of refuge, whatsoever. Last year this Department earnestly recommended an appropriation of \$40,000 for this particular purpose, this sum to provide a building at the State Colony for Feeble-Minded Males at New Lisbon for custodial cases, but again unhappily, no favor was given by the Legislature. This year the Board of Managers of the Colony are obliged to seek for the same purpose an appropriation of \$55,000 for practically what could have been had for the lesser sum. But little it matters, what sum is necessary for this humane undertaking; it should be provided, and that at once.

I therefore sincerely trust that a favorable conclusion will be reached by those responsible, not only for the relief of the patients at Morris Plains Asylum, but for the request for a building for the custodial cases of the State, as being most urgent.

FEEBLE-MINDED.

We have now on our waiting list 191 applications for feeble-minded males, classified as follows: Custodial, 75; Trainable, 116. In this connection it will be understood that an unusual factor has arisen in the increased cost of maintenance in all institutions. Particularly is this true in the "Training School," a private institution, from whom the State has always received but the fairest treatment, and is now enjoying consideration through the appreciation of the Board and its Superintendent of the difficulty the State itself,—in common with all others,—has to encounter, through the increased expense of maintenance.

That these conditions may be fairly met and the State share the responsibility that these unusual times impose upon it, this Department has recommended through its budget an increase of \$12,000 over last year's appropriation, making a

*The term "Custodial" applies to such cases as are unable to care for themselves and attend to their physical and other needs, thereby demanding constant attention and continued supervision; those who are incapable of receiving the training that will enable them to ever be free from special care and continued safeguarding.

total of \$112,000 for maintenance at the Training School, and a temporary addition of \$13,000 to provide for a maximum increase of 10% on the rates as now established, making the total appropriation for maintenance in that institution \$125,000. The greatest advantage to be derived from this increase of \$13,000 for maintenance is the fact that through this method we expect to provide for fully 50 additional cases. These, with approximately 50 more cases to be placed at the Colony when the new building is completed, will very largely care for the waiting list, other than custodial cases.

Should the Legislature awaken to the absolute necessity for a custodial building, a very decided step would be taken toward wiping out the waiting list of feeble-minded *males* at a practically nominal cost. This would seem not only to be the most efficient but the most economical means that can be taken at this time to properly care for all these cases. If such a building were erected we could, by transfer, relieve the Training School of 84 cases which they have had there for a number of years. In addition, we could relieve our waiting list of a goodly number in this class, as any relief afforded at the Training School by reason of a transfer to a custodial building would enable us to admit to that Institution a like number of trainable cases.

The number of cases now on our waiting list shows quite plainly that this situation is becoming acute. It is not the policy of the Training School (a private institution) to enlarge, to any extent. Therefore, after admitting to that institution a sufficient number to use up the appropriation granted for the support of State cases therein, our only relief is through the enlargement of the present State Colony. Thus far they are only equipped to take the older boys for obvious reasons. They have had only 45 boys there, the limit of their capacity; the new building, now in process of construction, will accommodate 50 more. This will probably not be completed before Spring.

The above statements are the bare facts as they exist. This Department is constantly flooded with letters from people in all walks of life, earnestly urging the admission of those

in whom they are interested, who should undoubtedly be cared for by the State. It is difficult to make it understood that this Department can only use such facilities as are afforded through legislation, and while the Legislature has been generous in keeping up the appropriations of past years, it has at the same time been equally so in seeking the admission of various persons. It seems difficult to impress the urgency for increased provision for these very cases for whom they, the law-makers, properly seek admission. I can therefore only repeat the recommendations made for such increased provision for the feeble-minded males, that the duty of the State, as such, should be fully met.

About June first the *State Institution* for Feeble-Minded opened its new dining-room and later its new dormitory. This has made possible the admission of about 200 cases and has cleared up our entire waiting list of feeble-minded *women* to date. In addition to this the State Institution has received 20 girls on transfer from the Training School and 14 from the State Hospital for the Insane at Trenton. We believe it will be possible to admit probably 25 or 30 more, at least before the building is filled. It is more than gratifying to note how rapidly this Institution has grown under its able management within the last few years, having now on roll nearly 700 patients. The fact that the new buildings provided by the Legislature have filled up so rapidly proves that they were not erected before needed and the best judgment was displayed by this anticipation.

BLIND.

The work for the blind has moved along in an even channel. The additional thousand dollars granted last year enabled the Department to take care of the new cases as they have arisen, allowing, of course, for the discharges each year from the various institutions.

One child has been graduated from the Arthur Home for Blind Babies into the Institute for the Blind in New York and is making progress in that institution. One girl graduated from the Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind in 1914 was

received in February, 1915, into the State Normal School at Trenton and has completed as much of the course in that institution as seems practicable for her needs as a teacher for the blind. She is now ready for such work and this Department feels that to have put even one girl in the way of earning a living above the average method by which the blind can earn their livelihood, has been decidedly worth while. We trust the Legislature will deem it wise to grant the appropriation sought under this law each year, to enable us to care for any applications of this kind that are made.

There has developed this year a phase of the work for the blind for which there seems no provision, namely: A blind girl, who is also deaf, was admitted to the Overbrook School for the Blind. In order to receive the most benefit from the instruction given there it would be necessary for her to have a special instructor, owing to her deafness. The Superintendent of the School thought such an instructor could be had for \$200 or \$300 and asked this Department to provide such an amount, for salary. The School itself was perfectly willing to contribute the board and room for such instructor and to take care of her laundry work, thus asking New Jersey simply to provide the amount necessary for the salary of the teacher. There were no funds available for such an expenditure, the law for the blind being very specific as to the maximum amount provided for each blind child, and the manner in which it shall be expended.

Such contingencies naturally arise seldom, but I feel should be provided for when they do; and this Department therefore recommends that the law for the blind be so amended as to provide that the proper officials may be enabled to take care of just such specific cases as this. Should such amendment be passed, I would ask the Legislature for an amount sufficient for this purpose. The child has been in school learning as much as she is able, considering this added difficulty. To be either blind or deaf seems enough, but when one is both, the State surely should provide everything possible for proper development.

This year we admitted to the Maryland School for the Blind, —an institution for colored children,—one colored boy from .

Atlantic County. The Pennsylvania Institution is not prepared to take colored boys and an arrangement was made with the Maryland School on the same basis as with the New York and Pennsylvania institutions for the pupils there. The Maryland School is equipped in every way to give to the colored children the same advantages that the New York and Pennsylvania institutions give to the white children.

DEPORTATION.

Deportation itself to foreign countries of course has been practically suspended. The following statement will show a list of the cases reported this year and their disposition:

Cases pending 10-31-1916, ...	38	
New cases during year, ...	4	
	—	42
Awaiting deportation 10-31-1916, ...	36	
Landings verified, ...	2	
Landings not verified, ...	4	
	—	42
Disposition—		
Awaiting deportation 10-31-1916, ...	36	
Landings verified, ...	2	
	—	38
Deported, ...	1	
Discharged from Institutions, ...	14	
Died in Institutions, ...	1	
Awaiting deportation 10-31-1917, ...	22	
	—	38

You will note therefrom that one case has been actually deported. This was that of a woman who came into this State and was committed to one of our Reformatory Institutions, but who really was a citizen of Canada. She was deported by the federal authorities.

The following statement will show the work that has been done along the line of repatriation and as will be seen, several have been returned to other States and several have been accepted by us from other States:

STATE CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS

9

Cases pending 11-1-1916, ...	26
Reported during year, ...	79
Re-opened during year, ...	2
	— 107

<i>Disposition—</i>	<i>To New Jersey.</i>	<i>From New Jersey.</i>
Accepted and returned to Institutions, ...	27	1
To relatives, ...	6	3
To poor authorities, ...	2	1
	—	—
	35	5
	—	—
No residence established, ...		40
Discharged before action, ...		23
Died, ...		13
Died, ...		1
Cancelled, ...		8
Pending 10,-31-1917, ...		22
		—
		107

<i>Returned—</i>	<i>To New Jersey.</i>	<i>From New Jersey.</i>
Connecticut, ...	1	
Illinois, ...	2	
Massachusetts, ...	1	
New York, ...	19	6
Pennsylvania, ...	6	2
Virginia, ...		2
Wisconsin, ...	1	
	—	—
	30	10
		—
		40

Several problems have developed during the year. First, of course, is that showing the need of an adequate law by which this Department can be authorized to act as a clearing house for all cases to be received in this State from other States. This law has been urged for two years, and the need for it is very great.

In our report for 1916 we spoke of the ready co-operation on the part of most of the County Officials, and since the passage of the Act creating, in the various Counties, the office of Commissioner in Lunacy, the work has been greatly facilitated. Frequently, however, there comes up a case in some County where it is not easy to get the co-operation of the County authorities, or where such co-operation is very slow. Almost all other States have a complete system for this

repatriation of patients and it is difficult to make them understand that we are doing the best we can even though it takes a long time.

An instance of this is shown in the case of one woman referred to us by a sister State, who it was finally determined had a residence in this State and a settlement in one of our Counties. The whole transaction, however, took a period of two months. In the meantime, the authorities of the State presenting such case became impatient, due to the fact that they can order back, through a central body, their own patients, and were unwilling to wait for us to give them, through the County, the proper authority to return this woman. They, therefore, brought this woman to the borders of this State and deliberately turned her loose upon the streets. This, of course, was a very reprehensible act, and not to be overlooked, and was duly reported to the Governor of such State. It only goes to show, however, that had this Department, as a central body, the authority for ordering back such cases to one of our own institutions, once a settlement was established, the whole thing could be cleared up in a week or so, and an insane woman would not be turned loose on our streets, thus becoming a social menace, not to speak of the fact that she had no protection for herself.

Another problem brought about during the investigations made this year is that of the temporary detention of such cases where the Counties are convinced there is a residence, but where our law specifically states that the physicians signing the affidavits must be residents of this State, and there is no provision in law whereby such patients can be housed pending the filling out of the proper commitment papers. It would seem that where patients have been in the custody of reputable institutions for defectives in other States, that in such cases the signatures of the physicians of those institutions should be adequate for the reception of said patients in our own institutions.

This has happened several times in our institutions for the insane, and one case in particular in our Village for Epileptics. We have had this case pending for almost two years. The man is an epileptic and had been a patient in the State Village

of this State, but escaped. He wandered over to New York and was committed to one of the New York Institutions. The County from which he originally was committed to the State Village has established his settlement and is willing to assume the liability for his support in the State Village from the time he is admitted there. The law governing admissions to the State Village, however, gives the Superintendent no authority to accept this man upon any but the signatures of two New Jersey physicians; neither does it give him any authority to hold the man temporarily pending the filling out of the papers, even though his County will provide for his support; nor does it give him any authority to receive the man upon the old papers. Thus, New York State has been burdened, for nearly two years, with an epileptic man obviously belonging to New Jersey. The need in such cases is apparent and this Department would be very glad indeed to see the laws governing commitment to institutions so revised, and this Department authorized by law in such manner, as to permit the prompt return of all the New Jersey residents, when settlements are clearly established.

Another problem confronting us is that of the payment of expenses for the return of our patients to other States. This Department has funds wherewith to pay such expenses and it has been able to furnish, through orders on the railroad companies, the amount sufficient for railroad and Pullman expenses. It cannot, however, furnish incidental expenses. These have to be advanced by the attendants returning the patients and they in turn must wait for their reimbursement until their bills have been forwarded to this Department and O. K.'d and gone through all the necessary machinery of the Comptroller's and Treasurer's Departments. The attendants themselves are receiving but small wage and are not willing,—and in some instances unable,—to furnish such funds, particularly in cases to the far West and South, where the expenses are quite a considerable amount, and the institutions will not furnish it since the Comptroller has ruled that it cannot be taken from their petty cash fund. The result has been that in one of our institutions (and included in the number listed as returned to

other States) are four patients who have been ordered back to other States, but who have not been sent by the institution authorities for the reason stated above. Therefore, the law should include some method of the adjustment of expenses. The economic advantage of returning these patients promptly can readily be seen. We should be glad to have you give this matter your consideration and trust that some adjustment may be made of it this season.

Through the efforts of this Department six children were returned to their home in Pennsylvania this year by one of our Overseers of the Poor. The parents had come to this State. Within a few months the father had murdered the mother and was incarcerated in our State Prison, and the six children were committed to the Overseer of the Poor. A Pennsylvania residence was clearly established and the children returned to their former home. In this case, the advantage of the method is shown.

IMPORTATION OF DEPENDENT CHILDREN.

The work of importing into New Jersey dependent children for "indenture, adoption or otherwise" under the Act of 1907 has during the past year gone steadily forward. Two new societies have been bonded; namely, the Speedwell Country Home Society, Morristown, New Jersey, and the Spence Alumnae Society, of New York City, making twenty in all.

The following table gives a list of the societies and a resume of the work accomplished:

<i>Name of Placing Society.</i>	<i>Wards in New Jersey Oct. 31, '16.</i>	<i>Placed During Year.</i>	<i>Removed During Year.</i>	<i>Wards in New Jersey Oct. 31, '17.</i>
Bethany Home for Children, Paterson, N. J., ...	3	0	1	2
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society, Brooklyn, N. Y., ...	2	5	6	1
Catholic Home Bureau, New York City, ...	6	20	10	16
Christian Home for Orphan Children, Jersey City, N. J., ...	33	8	17	24

<i>Name of Placing Society.</i>	<i>Wards in New Jersey Oct. 31, '16.</i>	<i>Placed During Year.</i>	<i>Removed During Year.</i>	<i>Wards in New Jersey Oct. 31, '17.</i>
Colored Orphan Asylum and Association for the Benefit of Colored Children, New York City, ...	16	14	9	21
Edgewater Creche, Englewood, N. J.,	2	40	32	10
Glen Mills School, Boys' Department, Glen Mills, Pa., ...	59	37	26	70
Glen Mills School, Girls' Department, Darling, Pa., ...	32	39	38	33
Home Missionary Society, Philadelphia, Pa., ...	10	4	8	6
International Sunshine Society, New York City, ...	34	9	16	27
Juvenile Aid Society, Philadelphia, Pa., ...	54	50	39	65
New Jersey Children's Home Society, Trenton, N. J., ...	11	0	2	9
New York Children's Aid Society, New York City, ...	23	13	21	15
New York Foundling Hospital, New York City, ...	141	21	22	140
New York Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York City, ...	69	74	73	70
New York State Charities Aid Association, New York City, ...	68	61	41	88
Northern Home for Friendless Children, Philadelphia, Pa., ...	18	15	18	15
Southern Home for Destitute Children, Philadelphia, Pa., ...	5	5	1	9
Speedwell Country Home Society, Morristown, N. J., ...	0	227	196	31
Spence Alumnae Society, New York City, ...	0	7	0	7
Totals, ...	586	649	576	659

At this time, we have pending, the bond of St. Vincent's Retreat at Point Pleasant, New Jersey, which has already in the Retreat 519 children. It has been the custom of St. Vincent's Retreat to bring these children into New Jersey from Philadelphia for the summer only. It has so happened, however, that the Home in Philadelphia has been taken over by the City, and while a new home is in process of construction, it is the purpose of the managers of this institution to keep

the children in New Jersey. Practically no placing work will be done, although it will be permissible under the bond.

We have every reason to believe that a very large percentage of all placing work in New Jersey done by outside agencies is now covered by bonds. There are from time to time, of course, societies found who are in ignorance of our law, but who gladly co-operate as soon as it is called to their attention.

We believe that a mandatory law for the licensing of private charitable institutions would very greatly facilitate this work, and make it possible for us to feel that no placing work was being done in New Jersey unknown to this Department. This licensing of private institutions will be touched upon further on in the report.

RECORD WORK.

In 1912 a new law governing the matter of poor relief in New Jersey was enacted. This law provided that each Overseer of the Poor should be appointed for a term of five years, and file a certificate of such appointment with the Commissioner of Charities and Corrections. Since the five-year term would expire during 1917, we have been compiling a new list which we feel is practically correct, and which we are preparing to publish in pamphlet form within a short time. There are approximately five hundred of these Overseers.

We are attaching to this report an annual summary of the movement of population in the State and County Institutions, also an annual statement of the work done by the State Board of Children's Guardians in its Widow's Pension and Child Placing Departments, this having become, during the past year, a part of the record work of this Department.

RESEARCH WORK.

We submit herewith a summary of the work done by our Research Worker during the year, showing the number of cases of the various kinds tested, and the disposition in regard to the feeble-minded. The only thing that can be added in connection with this work is that every case investigated

shows more emphatically the urgent need of ample protection for all classes of defectives, but particularly the feeble-minded.

CASES INVESTIGATED DURING THE YEAR.

	<i>Minded. Feeble-</i>	<i>Insane.</i>	<i>Blind.</i>	<i>Normal.</i>	<i>Border line.</i>	<i>Miscel- laneous.</i>	<i>Total.</i>
Commissioner, ...	17	..	2	2	..	2	23
Family, ...	3	..	..	..	..	..	3
Charity agencies, ...	28	..	2	6	3	3	42
St. Bd. of Children's Guardians, ...	58	..	..	3	7	..	68
Superintendents of Institutions, ...	7	..	..	..	..	..	7
Public Official or Friend	23	34	5	..	5	..	67
Public School, ...	2	..	..	..	..	..	2
Total, ...	138	34	9	11	15	5	212

DISPOSITION OF THE FEEBLE-MINDED CASES INVESTIGATED.

Admitted to Training School at Vineland, ...	2
Admitted to State Institution for Feeble-Minded, ...	29
Essex County Hospital for the Insane, ...	1
Trainable cases, applications on file, ...	16
Custodial cases, applications on file, ...	14
Application papers in preparation, ...	27
Applications withdrawn, ...	7
Family refused to file applications, ...	9
Final action pending, ...	23
Home Investigations, ...	7
Further Investigations required, ...	2
Non-resident, ...	1
Total, ...	138

The following report is made upon "Private Charities" (Chapter 118, Laws of 1914) through the Department's Agent:

Certificates of endorsement, August 1, 1917, issued to the number of	119
Number of certificates expired, ...	67
Number in good standing, August 1, 1917, ...	52
Number of certificates renewed, ...	42

New certificates issued, ...	27
Certificates in good standing November 1st, ...	121
Certificates expired, and not yet renewed, ...	24
Incorporation papers approved during year, ...	13
Inspections made since August 1st—	
Certificates of endorsement issued, ...	27
Endorsement withheld, ...	46
Institutions discontinued, ...	10
	83
Endorsement withheld from 46 for the following reasons:	
Insufficient fire protection, ...	18
Unsatisfactory methods, ...	9
Failing to furnish report or not coming within the scope of this Department, ...	19
Total, ...	46

It will be seen that 18 are considered as not having sufficient fire protection. In each case, this matter has been brought to their attention and assurances received that the omission would be remedied.

Nine were withheld by reason of methods which were considered irregular, or not sufficiently clear to warrant this Department in placing its stamp of approval upon them. Institutions or societies that raise large sums of money in the name of charity, but fail to render any satisfactory account of the same to anyone, cannot be endorsed.

Nineteen are shown as failing to furnish any report, or not coming within the scope of this Department. Among those not reporting are several to whom endorsement could be extended, when this provision of the law is complied with. Those referred to as "Not coming within the scope of the Department" are institutions strictly private and self-sustaining, where no funds whatever are contributed, with the exception of two or three whose business is conducted outside of this State, but whose collection agencies raise money within this State. This Department has been appealed to from time to time for information concerning these institutions. In each case investigations have followed.

Such institutions point clearly to the fact that some supervision should be exercised by the State over Private Charities. If a compulsory license law was enacted, there would be more opportunity to protect the public from fraudulent solicitations.

It is found that most institutions are ignorant of the privilege accorded them by the State in granting endorsement, yet when this matter is explained, they are anxious to secure such certificate, although notices setting forth the provisions of the law have been sent to them, it usually requires a personal visit to thoroughly acquaint them with its benefits. This encouragement on the part of the State, where known, is generally appreciated by institutions and societies who are conducting a worthy enterprise.

In connection with this report is given a list of all institutions or societies in good standing through certificates of endorsement on October 31, 1917. This, however, does not cover all private charities of the State.

* * * * *

The State Institutions are all enjoying, and showing, the results of a more careful administration, produced largely by the most excellent budget system now established; which naturally, at first, caused some confusion; but in the face of early misunderstanding, has stood the test thoroughly and satisfactorily.

The one unfortunate factor of the government of the State Institutions as now constituted arises, in my opinion, from the lack of fixed authority with responsibility where it should exist. This evil, I am quite sure, will be relieved through the recommendations which will come from the two capable Commissions selected for the purpose of finding the best method by which simple requisites may inaugurate a most desirable change.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

RICHARD STOCKTON,
Commissioner of Charities and Corrections.

Route

P. J. M.
Albert
John C.
J. T. C.
John M.
W. L.
Charles
Daniel
Mrs. S.
Mrs. P.
Boa

Luthe.
Arthu
Joseph
Stewa
Georg
Willia
Joseph
Holme
Mary
Mrs.
Scott
Harv
Bo

Roster of All Institutions, Boards and Commissions Supported in Whole or in Part by State Money.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, MORRIS PLAINS.

Opened August, 1876.

DR. BRITTON D. EVANS, Medical Director.

O. M. BOWEN, Warden.

Board of Managers.

P. J. Ryan, President, ...	Elizabeth
Albert Richards, Vice-President, ...	Dover
John C. Eisele, ...	Newark
J. T. Gillson, M. D., ...	Paterson
John Nevin, M. D., ...	Jersey City
W. L. R. Lynd, ...	Dover
Charles E. Hetzel, ...	Newark
Daniel S. Voorhees, ...	Morristown
Mrs. Seymour L. Cromwell, ...	Mendham
Mrs. H. Crittenden Harris, ...	Glen Ridge

Board meets second Wednesday of each month.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, TRENTON.

Opened May, 1848.

DR. HENRY A. COTTON, Medical Director.

SAMUEL T. ATCHLEY, Warden.

Board of Managers.

Luther M. Halsey, M. D., President, ...	Williamstown
Arthur D. Forst, Vice-President, ...	Trenton
Joseph H. Moore, ...	Hopewell
Stewart Paton, M. D., ...	Princeton
George T. Tracy, M. D., ...	Beverly
William L. Black, ...	Hammonton
Joseph E. Raycroft, M. D., ...	Princeton
Holmes V. M. Dennis, ...	Freehold
Mary B. Fox, ...	Camden
Mrs. John F. Pendergast, ...	Salem
Scott Scammell, Secretary, ...	Trenton
Harvey H. Johnson, Treasurer, ...	Trenton

Board meets second Friday of each month.

STATE CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS

NEW JERSEY STATE VILLAGE FOR EPILEPTICS, SKILLMAN.

Opened November, 1898.

DR. DAVID FAIRCHILD WEEKS, Superintendent.

EDWARD MCPHERSON HAYNES, Steward.

Board of Managers.

Herman F. Moosbrugger, President, ...Somerville
 Richard Moldenke, Ph. D., ...Watchung
 Mrs. Georgianna Doane Collard, ...Jersey City
 William A. Clark, M. D., ...Trenton
 John McDowell Carnochan, M. D., ...Princeton
 John Edward Clark, ...Bound Brook
 Mrs. Frances DeL. Hyde, ...Plainfield
 Charles W. MacQuoid, ...Roselle
 Board meets second Wednesday of each month.

NEW JERSEY STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED, VINELAND.

Opened March, 1888.

DR. MADELEINE A. HALLOWELL, Superintendent.

Board of Managers.

Harry H. Pond, President, ...Plainfield
 George B. Thorn, Treasurer, ...Crosswicks
 Mrs. Emery D. Marvel, ...Atlantic City
 Mrs. Annie C. Gile, ...East Orange
 Richard C. Jenkinson, ...Newark
 William J. Dawson, ...Wenonah
 Mrs. Bloomfield H. Minch, ...Bridgeton
 Board meets quarterly, 2nd Thursday of January, April, July, October.

NEW JERSEY STATE COLONY FOR FEEBLE-MINDED MALES, NEW LISBON.

J. FRANK MACOMBER, Superintendent.

Board of Managers.

George A. Armour, Chairman, ...Princeton
 Daniel W. Bishop, Secretary, ...Florence
 Richard A. Claybrook, ...Plainfield
 Ephraim Morrison, M. D., ...Newton
 Richard Stockton, ...Trenton

NEW JERSEY SANATORIUM FOR TUBERCULOUS DISEASES, GLEN GARDNER.

Opened October, 1907.

DR. SAMUEL B. ENGLISH, Superintendent.

Board of Managers.

Theodore H. Corwin, M. D., President, ...	Newark
Prof. Elmer H. Loomis, Vice-President, ...	Princeton
Edwin J. Burke, Secretary and Treasurer, ...	Trenton
Walter Kidde, ...	Montclair
Frederick C. Low, M. D., ...	High Bridge
Mrs. Lucy J. M. Taylor, ...	High Bridge
Frederic J. Hughes, M. D., ...	Plainfield
W. D. Jones, M. D., ...	Camden

Board meets first Thursday of each month.

NEW JERSEY STATE PRISON, TRENTON.

Opened 1832.

JAMES H. MULHERON, Principal Keeper.

JOSEPH P. MCCORMACK, Fiscal Agent.

Board of Inspectors.

Jacob Shurts, President, ...	Somerville
John F. Clark, Secretary, ...	Nutley
Alvah A. Alpaugh, ...	New Germantown
Wilson T. Jones, ...	Franklinville
Charles S. Stevens, ...	Cedarville

Board meets second Tuesday of each month.

NEW JERSEY REFORMATORY, RAHWAY.

Opened 1901.

DR. FRANK MOORE, Superintendent.

Board of Commissioners.

Decatur M. Sawyer, President, ...	Montclair
Freeman Woodbridge, Secretary, ...	New Brunswick
George W. Fortmeyer, ...	East Orange
Foster M. Voorhees, ...	Elizabeth
Edward D. Duffield, ...	South Orange
John Handley, ...	Salem
David T. Kenney, ...	Plainfield
Frank M. Stillman, ...	Rahway

Board meets first Wednesday after first Monday of each month.

STATE CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS

NEW JERSEY REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN, CLINTON.

Opened January, 1913.

MISS HELEN HAMILTON, Superintendent.

Board of Managers.

Mrs. H. Otto Wittpenn, President, ...	Jersey City
Dr. T. D. Flynn, Vice-President, ...	Somerville
C. W. Ennis, Treasurer, ...	Morristown
Mrs. G. M. LaMonte, Secretary, ...	Bound Brook
Mrs. T. H. Taylor, ...	Montclair
Mrs. R. V. Kuser, ...	Trenton
Mrs. George H. Brown, ...	Somerville
Mrs. Carroll Bradford Merritt, ...	Madison

Board meets first Friday of each month.

NEW JERSEY STATE HOME FOR BOYS, JAMESBURG.

Opened July, 1867.

CHARLES H. EDMOND, Superintendent.

Board of Trustees.

Joseph Mitchell, President, ...	Allenhurst
George M. LaMonte, Vice-President, ...	Bound Brook
Augustus S. Crane, Secretary, ...	Elizabeth
Frank M. Donohue, M. D., Treasurer, ...	New Brunswick
Arthur D. Chandler, ...	East Orange
Robert Carey, ...	Jersey City

Board meets on first Wednesday of each month and the Tuesday evening preceding.

NEW JERSEY STATE HOME FOR GIRLS, TRENTON.

Opened December, 1871.

MRS. E. V. H. MANSELL, Superintendent.

Board of Trustees.

Dr. J. Mitchell Reese, President, ...	Phillipsburg
Mrs. J. M. Middleton, Vice-President, ...	Trenton
Mrs. F. V. Cantwell, Secretary, ...	Trenton
A. S. L. Doughty, Treasurer, ...	Mount Holly
Miss Paula Laddey, ...	Newark

Board meets second Wednesday of each month.

NEW JERSEY HOME FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS, KEARNY.

Opened at Newark, July, 1866, and at Kearny, October, 1888.

GEORGE C. CHANDLER, Acting Superintendent and Quartermaster.

Board of Managers.

Edwin W. Hine, President, ...Orange
 William C. Smith, Vice-President, ...Plainfield
 Richard Wayne Parker, ...Newark
 Joseph H. Brensinger, ...Jersey City
 Walter S. Tully, ...Roselle Park

NEW JERSEY HOME FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS, SAILORS, MARINES AND THEIR
WIVES OR WIDOWS, VINELAND.

Opened January, 1900.

CAPTAIN JOHN SHIELDS, Commandant.

Board of Managers.

George Barrett, President, ...Camden
 James W. Trenchard, Secretary, ...Bridgeton
 Samuel G. Garretson, Treasurer, ...Perth Amboy
 Cyrus F. Osgood, ...Hammonton
 David B. Elwell, ...Elmer
 Walter S. Tully, ex-officio, ...Roselle Park

Board meets second Thursday of each month.

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS IN WHICH NEW JERSEY MAINTAINS SOME
OF ITS WARDS.

The Training School, Vineland, N. J.

Professor E. R. Johnstone, Superintendent.

Arthur Home for Blind Babies, Summit, N. J.

Mrs. Cynthia Westover Alden, President-General, International Sun-Catholic Institute for the Blind, 175th and Aqueduct Avenues, New York shine Society.

Maryland School for the Blind, Overlea, Md.

Mr. John F. Bledsoe, Superintendent.

New York Institute for the Blind, 34th Street at Ninth Avenue, New York City. Professor E. M. Van Cleve, Principal.

Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind, Overbrook, Pa. Professor O. H. Burritt, Principal.

City. Sister M. Bertrand, Superintendent.

BOARDS OF COMMISSIONERS CARING FOR NEW JERSEY'S SOCIALLY INADE-
QUATE CLASSES, NOT UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THIS DEPARTMENT.

State Board of Children's Guardians, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City. Established 1899. Miss Frances Day, Agent.

New Jersey Commission for the Blind, 147 Summer Avenue, Newark. Miss Alice I. Wood, Superintendent.

COUNTY INSANE HOSPITALS.

Atlantic County Hospital for the Insane, Pleasantville.

Dr. Henry C. Munro, Superintendent.

Burlington County Hospital for the Insane, New Lisbon.

C. Clarence Deacon, Superintendent.

Camden County Hospital for the Insane, Grenloch.

James Albert Starkey, Superintendent.

Cumberland County Hospital for the Insane, Bridgeton.

David Elwell, Superintendent.

Essex County Hospital for the Insane, Cedar Grove.

Dr. Guy Payne, Superintendent. Benjamin R. Bailey, Warden.

Gloucester County Almshouse, Clarksboro.

Joseph Ridgway, Superintendent.

Hudson County Hospital for the Insane, Secaucus.

Dr. George W. King, Superintendent.

Passaic County Almshouse, Paterson.

John Donnelly, Superintendent.

Salem County Almshouse, Woodstown.

James M. Newell, Superintendent.

COUNTY TUBERCULOSIS SANATORIA.

Atlantic County Tuberculosis Hospital, Northfield.

Dr. Claude Fish, Superintendent.

Camden County Tuberculosis Hospital, Ancora.

Dr. Paul H. Markley, Superintendent.

Essex County Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Belleville.

Dr. Henry E. Ricketts, Superintendent.

Hudson County Tuberculosis Hospital, Secaucus.

Dr. B. S. Pollak, Superintendent.

Morris County Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Morristown.

Miss Helen Butler, Superintendent.

Union County Tuberculosis Hospital, Scotch Plains.

Dr. John E. Runnells, Superintendent.

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS LICENSED BY THIS DEPARTMENT.

(Under Chapter 272, Laws of 1906.)

Belle Mead Farm Colony and Sanatorium, Belle Mead.

Dr. William E. Gesregen, Physician-in-Charge.

Fair Oaks Sanatorium, Summit.

Dr. Thomas F. Prout, Superintendent.

Lynwood Lodge, Englewood.

Dr. A. N. Nelden, Superintendent.

Private Sanatorium, 768 High Street, Newark.

Dr. William H. Hicks, Superintendent.

Riverlawn Sanatorium, Paterson.

Dr. Daniel T. Millspaugh, Superintendent.

"The Oaks" Sanatorium, Park Ridge.

Dr. B. Onuf, Superintendent.

Valley View Sanatorium, Maplewood.

Miss Lulu D. Wadsworth, Superintendent.

PROBATION OFFICERS OF NEW JERSEY.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>County.</i>	<i>City.</i>
Mr. Henry S. Scull, Chief Probation Officer, ...	Atlantic.	Atlantic City.
Mr. James Bratt, Chief Probation Officer, ...	Bergen.	Hackensack.
Mr. Wm. Slaughter, Chief Probation Officer, ...	Burlington.	Mount Holly.
Mr. Arthur Pressey, Chief Probation Officer, ...	Camden.	Camden.
Mr. A. S. Lavin, Chief Probation Officer, ...	Cumberland.	Bridgeton.
Mr. John J. Gascoyne, Chief Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Mr. Harry C. Burns, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Miss Jennie B. Kingsland, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Mr. Charles Basile, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Mr. M. J. Smith, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Mr. Edward Lowans, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Mr. A. S. Kanengieser, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Miss Emma A. Buehler, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Mrs. Matilda E. Pease, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Mrs. Mabel H. Kirk, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Mr. Michael J. Ryan, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Mr. Raymond V. Baylor, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Mr. Charles Woodkosky, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Miss Rose N. Snell, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Essex.	Newark.
Mr. Wm. M. Smith, Chief Probation Officer, ...	Gloucester.	Woodbury.
Mr. Richard Stevens, Chief Probation Officer, ...	Hudson.	Hoboken.
Mrs. H. Otto Wittpenn, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Hudson.	Hoboken.
Mr. Percy A. Sharpey, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Hudson.	Hoboken.
Mr. Arthur Thornton, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Hudson.	Hoboken.
Mr. J. E. Bradley, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Hudson.	Hoboken.
Mrs. E. J. Seeley, Assistant Probation Officer, ...	Hudson.	Hoboken.
Miss Marion Coyne, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Hudson.	Hoboken.
Miss Sara Park, Asst. Parole Officer, ...	Hudson.	Hoboken.
Miss Hazel Hyde, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Hudson.	Hoboken.
Mr. Wm. N. Morrison, Chief Probation Officer, ...	Mercer.	Trenton.
Mr. Chas. M. MacWilliam, Chief Probation Officer, ...	Middlesex.	New Brunswick.
Mr. John H. Houghton, Chief Probation Officer, ...	Monmouth.	Long Branch.
Mr. E. P. Byram, Chief Probation Officer, ...	Morris.	Morristown.
Mr. Vincent Azzarra, Asst. Probation Officer, ...	Morris.	Morristown.
Mr. Adolph Ernst, Chief Parole Officer, ...	Ocean.	Toms River.
Mr. Charles Scott, Chief Parole Officer, ...	Passaic.	Paterson.
Mr. James Mahoney, Asst. Parole Officer, ...	Passaic.	Paterson.
Mr. Garret Westinghouse, Asst. Parole Officer, ...	Passaic.	Paterson.
Mr. Wm. T. Galloway, Chief Parole Officer, ...	Salem.	Salem.
Mr. John Osbourn, Chief Parole Officer, ...	Somerset.	Somerville.
Mr. Floyd C. Devore, Chief Parole Officer, ...	Sussex.	Newton.
Major C. W. Irwin, Chief Parole Officer, ...	Union.	Elizabeth.
Rev. Wm. B. Hamilton, Asst. Parole Officer, ...	Union.	Elizabeth.

Cape May, Hunterdon, and Warren Counties have no Probation Officers.

PAROLE OFFICERS.

Mr. H. E. Smith, Chief Parole Officer, ...	State Home for Boys, Jamesburg.
Mr. Wilson, Asst. Parole Officer, ...	State Home for Boys, Jamesburg.
Mr. Leach, Asst. Parole Officer, ...	State Home for Boys, Jamesburg.
Miss N. F. Dullard, Chief Parole Officer, ...	State Home for Girls, Trenton.
Miss Starr, Asst. Parole Officer, ...	State Home for Girls, Trenton.
Mr. W. J. McLaughlin, Chief Parole Officer, ...	State Prison, Trenton.
Mr. Charles Moore, Chief Parole Officer, ...	State Reformatory, Rahway.
Mr. Wm. McCormack, Asst. Parole Officer, ...	State Reformatory, Rahway.
Miss Carey, Chief Parole Officer, ...	State Reformat'y for Women, Clinton

PRIVATE CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS IN NEW JERSEY, ENDORSED BY THIS DEPARTMENT UNDER CHAPTER 118,
LAWS OF 1914.
HOSPITAL AND SANATORIA.

Name.	Location.	Object.	Cap- acity.	Terms of Admission.	Classes of Inmates Received.	
					Male.	Female. Colored.
Alexian Brothers Hospital, ...	E. Jersey & 7th St., Elizabeth, N. J.	General Hospital work.	120	\$1 a day if able, or free.	yes	no
Ann May Memorial Homeopathic Hospital, ...	Spring Lake, N. J.	General Hospital work.	25	\$10.50 weekly, if able, or free.	yes	yes
Babies' Hospital, ...	487 High St., Newark, N. J.	Treatment of babies.	35	Any cases except contagious.	yes	yes
Christ's Hospital, ...	176 Palisades Av., Jersey City, N. J.	General Hospital work.	120	Private rooms \$25-35 weekly.	yes	yes
Elizabeth General Hospital and Dispensary, ...	Elizabeth, N. J.	General Hospital work.	170	Wards \$12 weekly, if able.	yes	yes
Englewood Hospital Association, ...	Englewood, N. J.	General Hospital work.	100	\$1.25 a day, if able; if not, free. Operating room, \$3-5.	yes	yes
Francis E. Parker Memorial Home, ...	New Brunswick, N. J.	Private sanatorium for incurables and training school for nurses.	30	Ward patients, as convenient.	yes	yes
Fritz Reuter Altkenheim, ...	Boulevard & Hackensack Plank Rd., West Hoboken, N. J.	General Hospital work.	56	\$6-15 weekly.	yes	no
Hackensack Hospital Association, ...	Essex St. & Hospital Av., Hackensack, N. J.	General Hospital work.	120	None, except females 55 and up. Males, 60 years upward.	yes	no
Home for Incurables and Hospital, ...	102 Court St., Newark, N. J.	General Hospital work.	47	Pay and free patients received.	yes	yes
Homeopathic Hospital of Essex County, ...	183 Littleton St., Newark, N. J.	General Hospital work and surgery.	45	Pay and free received.	yes	yes
Hospital for Women and Children, ...	Central Av., & S. 10th St., Newark, N. J.	Gen'l Hospital work for women and children.	75	Private rooms, \$15-30 weekly.	no	yes
Middlesex General Hospital, ...	Somerset & Albany Sts., New Brunswick, N. J.	General Hospital work.	150	Wards \$7 weekly, or free.	yes	yes
Morristown Memorial Hospital, ...	Morristown, N. J.	General Hospital work.	150	Pay and free received.	yes	yes
Mountainside Hospital, ...	Bay St., Montclair, N. J.	General Hospital work.	150	\$10.50 weekly or free.	yes	yes
Muhlenberg Hospital, ...	Plainfield, N. J.	General Hospital work.	150	\$1.50 daily, or free. No contagious.	yes	yes
North Hudson Hospital, ...	Weehawken, N. J.	General Hospital work.	150	\$10 weekly, or free.	yes	yes
Orange Memorial Hospital, ...	Orange, N. J.	General Hospital work.	77	No contagious cases; \$10 weekly, or free.	yes	yes
Paterson Eye and Ear Infirmary, ...	196 Van Houten St., Paterson, N. J.	Treatment of eye, ear, nose and throat.	33	Private and charity cases.	yes	yes
Paterson General Hospital Association, ...	Paterson, N. J.	General Hospital work.	100	\$1 daily, or free.	yes	yes
Presbyterian Hospital of Newark, ...	19-23 S. 9th St., Newark, N. J.	General Hospital work.	160	Wards \$10 weekly, or free.	yes	yes
Somerset Hospital, ...	Somerville, N. J.	General Hospital work.	160	Private or charity cases.	yes	yes
St. Barnabas Hospital, ...	High St., Newark, N. J.	General Hospital work.	160	Private or charity cases.	yes	yes
St. Elizabeth Hospital, ...	Elizabeth, N. J.	General Hospital work.	160	Private or charity cases.	yes	yes

(27)

INSTITUTIONS FOR THE CARE OF CHILDREN.

Name.	Location.	Object.	Capacity.	Terms of Admission.	Classes of Inmates Received. Male. Female. Colored.
Atlantic City Day Nursery, ...	124 N. Indiana Av., Atlantic City, N. J.	To care for children and working mothers.	28	5c daily, or free.	yes yes yes
Bergen County Children's Home, ...	125 Essex St. Hackensack, N. J.	Care of dependent children.			
Bloomfield Day Nursery, ...	Bloomfield, N. J.	Care of children of working mothers.			
Burlington County Children's Home, ...	Mount Holly, N. J.	Care of orphans and destitute children.			
Camden Home for Friendless Children, ...	915 Haddon Av., Camden, N. J.	Care of friendless or destitute children.			
Child's Welfare Association, ...	907 Sewall Av., Asbury Park, N. J.	Care of children of working mothers.	90	White; Protestant, child of New Jersey. 10c a day.	yes yes no
Children's Country Home, ...	Hillside Av. Westfield, N. J.	Care of helpless children.	50	Day inmates. 10c a day.	yes yes *
Children's Home Association of Plainfield, ...	114 Westervelt Av., Plainfield, N. J.	Care of homeless and unfortunate children.	37	Sheltered. Shelter \$2.50 weekly.	yes yes no
Children's Industrial Home, ...	190 Somerset St., New Brunswick, N. J.	To provide homes for indigent and destitute children.	40	\$1 weekly. Any nationality.	yes yes no
Christian Home for Orphan Children, ...	178 Magnolia Av., Jersey City, N. J.	Home for orphans and half-orphans.	75	\$8-\$12 monthly each child; Protestant; good health.	yes yes no
Civic Association of Englewood, ...	Englewood, N. J.	Day nursery, social work and aid for tuberculous among women and children.			yes yes no
Diet Kitchen of the Oranges, ...	124 Essex Av., Orange, N. J.	To provide healthy food for tubercular or sick children.		5c day.	yes yes yes
Day Nursery of Plainfield, ...	502 W. Front St., Plainfield, N. J.	Care of children of working mothers.			
Edgewater Creche, ...	Englewood, N. J.	Summer day nursery and winter home for babies.			
Eighth Ave. Baby Shelter and Day Nursery, ...	Eighth Av., Newark, N. J.	Day Nursery and care of children of poor parents.	50	\$5-8 monthly.	yes yes **
Elizabeth Orphan Asylum, ...	700 Salem Av., Elizabeth, N. J.	Care and education of homeless children.			
Home for Crippled Children, ...	Clifton & Park Aves., Newark, N. J.	Care and treatment of crippled boys and girls.	50	Crippled—any color or creed.	yes yes yes
Hebrew Orphan Asylum, ...	534 Clinton Av., Newark, N. J.	Home for dependent children.	80	Jewish children; 5 years and over.	yes yes no
Home for the Friendless, ...	S. Orange & Bergen Sts., Newark, N. J.	Home for friendless and destitute children.	85	Destitute; children of Newark. Good health; under-nourished; destitute.	yes yes no
Mary J. Ball Home, ...	1713 Master St., Camden, N. J.	Care of orphans and half-orphans.			
Montclair Fresh Air & Convalescent Home, ...	Sunset Av., Verona, N. J.	To provide a rest and convalescent home for children.	60	Girls 4 to 14 years needing fresh air.	yes yes no
Morristown Summer Shelter, ...	Whippany, N. J.	To provide a fresh air home for city girls, 4 to 14 years.	60	White children of Newark; any creed.	yes yes no
Newark Orphan Asylum, ...	323 High St., Newark, N. J.	Provide a home for orphan white children of Newark.	80		yes yes no
New Jersey Children's Home Society, ...	Forst-Richey Bldg., Trenton, N. J.	Provide homes for homeless children of New Jersey.		Homeless or destitute children. \$10 monthly or free.	yes yes yes
Orange Orphan Society, ...	197 Harrison St., E. Orange, N. J.	To support and instruct orphan children.	62 75		yes yes no

INSTITUTIONS FOR THE CARE OF CHILDREN—(Continued).

Name.	Location.	Object.	Capacity.	Terms of Admission.	Classes of Inmates Received.	
					Male.	Female.
Protestant Foster Home Society, ...	284 Belleville Av., Newark, N. J.	To provide homes for children over 4 years of age.	110	\$5 monthly, if able.	yes	yes
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, ...	S. Orange & Sanford Av., Newark, N. J.	To provide homes for orphan children.	307	Orphans or half-orphans; \$6 monthly.	yes	yes
West Jersey Orphanage, ...	6th & Mechanic Sts., Camden, N. J.	To provide homes for destitute colored children.	40	Colored children; good health.	yes	yes
Jewish Sisterhood, ...	21 Seventeenth St., Newark, N. J.	To provide homes for children of working mothers; and lost children.	50	Destitute orphans or half-orphans.	yes	yes

HOMES FOR AGED.

Name.	Location.	Object.	Capacity.	Terms of Admission.	Classes of Inmates Received.	
					Male.	Female.
Baptist Home Society of New Jersey, ...	285 Roseville Av., Newark, N. J.	Provide homes for aged Baptists.	50	\$300 entrance fee.	yes	yes
Bethany Home for Aged, ...	Park Av., Irvington, N. J.	Provide homes for aged people.	80	\$750-\$1,000; 60 years and over.	yes	yes
Home for Aged Women, ...	1078 E. Jersey St., Elizabeth, N. J.	Provide homes for aged women.	24	\$300; 60 years and over; Protestants of Elizabeth.	no	yes
Home for Aged Women, ...	657 Bergen Av., Jersey City, N. J.	Provide homes for aged women.	42	\$500; admission for life; 70 years and over.	no	yes
Home for Aged Women, ...	225 Mt. Pleasant Av., Newark, N. J.	Provide homes for aged women.	70	\$350; 65 years and over; resident of Newark; Protestant.	no	yes
Methodist Episcopal Home for the Aged, ...	63 Clark Av., Ocean Grove, N. J.	Provide homes for aged Methodists.	45	\$300 entrance; \$52 yearly.	yes	yes
Odd Fellows' Home, ...	Pennington Av., Trenton, N. J.	Provide homes for dependent Odd Fellows.	75	Aged and indigent Odd Fellows; their wives or widows; free.	yes	yes
Old Ladies' Home, ...	3 Mt. Kemble St., Morristown, N. J.	Provide a Protestant home for old ladies.	18	Protestant women; \$10 monthly.	no	yes

HOMES FOR ADULTS AND CHILDREN.

Name.	Location.	Object.	Capacity.	Terms of Admission.	Classes of Inmates Received.	
					Male.	Female. Colored
Children's Seashore Home, ...	Atlantic Av., Atlantic City, N. J.	General care of invalid children and women.	420	Sick mothers with children: Boys under 12, girls under 20. \$2 weekly & upward, if able.	yes	yes
Florence Crittenden Home, ...	228 Mt. Pleasant Av., Newark, N. J.	To provide a home for unfortunate young mothers and children.			yes	yes
Florence Crittenden Christian Refuge Assn., ...	Trenton, N. J.	To provide a home for unfortunate young mothers and children.				
Jewish Seaside Home for Invalids, ...	Ventnor City, N. J.	To provide a home for unfortunate Jewish mothers and children.				
Max and Sarah Bamberger Home, ...	Longport, N. J.	To care for poor Jewish women and children during summer.	100	Free to Jewish poor.	no	yes
St. Andrew's Rest, ...	Woodcliff Lake, N. J.	Summer Home for women and girls of St. Andrew's Convalescent Hospital of New York.	18	Must be convalescent.	no	yes
St. Katharine's Home, ...	32 Reservoir Av., Jersey City, N. J.	To provide a Home for unmarried girls before and after motherhood.	12	Mothers and infants, \$15 entrance fee; \$10 monthly, if able, or free.	no	yes
Arthur Home for Blind Babies, ...	Summit, N. J.	MISCELLANEOUS.	50	\$450 yearly.	yes	yes
E. R. Strawbridge Girls Republic, ...	Moorestown, N. J.	Training of blind babies. Train children for useful occupations.	21	Parents or guardians must sign them over till 18 years of age.	yes	yes
Happy Thought Sunshine Industrial and Training School, ...	412 Ninth Av., Belmar, N. J.	Training Negro youths.				
Long Pranch Hebrew School, ...	Chelsea Av., Long Branch, N. J.	To further the cause of Judaism.				
Training School, ...	Vineland, N. J.	To train mentally deficient children.				

GENERAL RELIEF AND CONSTRUCTION.

Name.	Location.	Object.
Associated Charities of Camden, ...	210 Temple Bldg. Camden, N. J.	General relief and construction.
Anti-Tuberculosis League of Plainfield, ...	328 Franklin Pl. Plainfield, N. J.	General relief and construction.
Bureau of Associated Charities, ...	13 Central Av., Newark, N. J.	To rehabilitate the unfortunate.
Camden Rescue Society, ...	Camden, N. J.	General relief and construction.
Central Bureau of Social Service, ...	21 South St., Morristown, N. J.	General relief and construction.
Charity Organization Society, ...	Court House, Elizabeth, N. J.	General relief and construction.
Charity Organization Society, ...	Paterson, N. J.	General relief and construction.
Charity Organization Society, ...	823 Babcock Bldg. Plainfield, N. J.	General relief and construction.
Charity Organization Society, ...	Philipsburg and Easton (Office in Easton, Penna.)	General relief and construction.
Charity Organization Society, ...	New Brunswick, N. J.	General relief and construction.
Consumer's League, ...	13 Central Av., Newark, N. J.	To better working conditions among women and children.
Department of Public Health of the Women's Literary Club, ...	Bound Brook, N. J.	General relief and construction.
Loving Service, ...	Haddonfield, N. J.	General relief and construction.
Long Branch Society for Improvement of the Poor, ...	Long Branch, N. J.	To better conditions among the poor.
Long Branch Visiting Nurses' Association, ...	Long Branch, N. J.	Social welfare and visiting nurse.
League for Friendly Services, ...	Bloomfield, N. J.	Social welfare and general construction.
Market Street Mission, ...	Morristown, N. J.	Social welfare and visiting nurse.
Monmouth County Branch of the State Charities Aid, ...	Morristown, N. J.	To aid the cause of charity and prison reform.
Neighborhood House, ...	Red Bank, N. J.	To aid the cause of charity and prison reform.
Neighborhood House Association, ...	Commercial Av. & Baldwin St., New Brunswick.	To promote social interests of the City.
Newark Female Charitable Society, ...	4 Flagler St., Morristown, N. J.	General relief and construction.
New Jersey Legal Aid Society, ...	305 Halsey St., Newark, N. J.	To extend aid to worthy women.
New Jersey Anti-Tuberculosis League, ...	249 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J.	To protect the interest of poor people in legal matters.
Orange Bureau of Associated Charities, ...	45 Clinton St. Newark, N. J.	To further a campaign against tuberculosis.
Organized Charities of Atlantic City, ...	124 Essex Av., Orange, N. J.	General relief and construction.
Organized Aid Association, ...	Bartlett Bldg., Atlantic City, N. J.	General relief and construction.
United Hebrew Charily Organization of Elizabeth, ...	76 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J.	General Settlement and social center work.
Visiting Nurse Society, ...	Court House, Elizabeth, N. J.	General Settlement and social center work.
Visiting Nurse Association, ...	533 Federal St., Camden, N. J.	Visiting Nurse and construction.
Visiting Nurse Association, ...	122 Magnolia Av., Elizabeth, N. J.	Visiting Nurse and settlement work.
Visiting Nurse Association, ...	16 Camp St., Newark, N. J.	Visiting Nurse.
Visiting Nurse Association, ...	24 Valley St., Orange, N. J.	Visiting Nurse.
Visiting Nurse Association, ...	New Brunswick, N. J.	Visiting Nurse and construction.
West Side Ladies' Relief Association, ...	324 Babcock Bldg., Plainfield, N. J.	Visiting Nurse and aid to the poor.
Womens' Employment Association, ...	64 Martin St., Newark, N. J.	Assist worthy destitute families.
	Farrelly Bldg., South St., Morristown, N. J.	Find employment for women.

SOCIETIES FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN'S INTERESTS

Name.	Location.	Object.
Catholic Children's Aid Association of New Jersey, ...	18 Central Av., Newark, N. J.	Protect children from cruelty and neglect; and provide homes for them.
Children's Aid and Protective Society of the Oranges, ...	124 Essex Av., Orange, N. J.	Protect children's interests and general relief and construction.
Children's Aid and Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, ...	249 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J.	Prevent cruelty to children.
Essex County Christian Endeavor Union, ...	West Orange, N. J.	Care of children and mothers.
New Jersey Housing Association, ...	815 E. 34th St., Paterson, N. J.	To secure better housing conditions.
Passaic County Children's Aid Society and Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, ...	848 Market St., Paterson, N. J.	Provide care for children 2 to 14 years of age
Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, ...	Elizabeth, N. J.	Protect children from cruelty.
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Camden City Dispensary, ...	725 Federal St., Camden, N. J.	To provide medicine for the poor, free.
Camden Free Dental Clinic, ...	42 North 30th St., Camden, N. J.	To treat diseases of the mouth and teeth.
Morris County Branch of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, ..	Morristown, N. J.	To prevent cruelty to animals.
Plainfield Branch of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, ...	Plainfield, N. J.	To prevent cruelty to animals.
Record Ambulance, ...	231 Essex Av., Orange, N. J.	To furnish police and ambulance service.
Society to Protect Children and Animals, ..	102 College Av., N. Brunswick, N. J.	To protect children and animals from cruelty.

*By day only. **Accepted in nursery only.

